Unit-I
- An Introduction to Indian Political Ideas
- Kautilya- Power, Statecraft
- Rammohan Roy- Social Transformation, Empowerment of Women
- Gokhale- Ethics in Politics, Social Regeneration

Unit-II
- Nehru- Democratic Socialism, Internationalism
- Gandhi- Hind Swaraj, Satyagraha, Sarvodaya
- Subhas Bose- Nationalism, Revolution, Socio-economic Transformation

Unit-III
- M.N. Roy- Communism, Radical Humanism
- Jayprakash Narayan- Party-less Democracy, Total Revolution
- Rammanohar Lohia- Socialism, Democracy, State

Unit I
1. What is Politics: Theorizing the ‘Political’
2. Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal, Marxist and Conservative
3. Approaches to Political Theory: Normative and Empirical
4. Critical Perspectives on Political Theory: Feminist and Postmodern

Unit II
1. State: Nature and Evolution, Perspectives on State, State and Civil Society, Nation State and Globalization
2. Citizenship: Ancient and Modern, Perspectives on citizenship (Liberal, Radical, Civic Republican and Feminist)

Unit III
1. Liberty, Republican concept of Liberty, Negative and Positive Liberty, Freedom as Emancipation and Development, Concept of Swaraj
2. Equality: Equality of Welfare, Resources and Capabilities, Complex Equality, Luck Egalitarianism
References:


PG Ist Semester
Democracy and Political Institutions in India
Paper Code: 1.1.3

Democracy and Political Institutions in India

**Unit I**
Working of Democracy in India
Executive: Role of President and Prime Minister;
 Coalition Governments and its impact on constitutional functionaries.
Legislature: Functioning
Judiciary: Judicial Review, Judicial Independence, Judicial Activism and Judicial Accountability

**Unit II**
Political Mobilization.
Nature and working of Party System, The Emergence of New Coalitions
Election Commission and Electoral Reforms, Politics of Defection

**Unit III**
Federalism, Center-State Relations
Working of Local Self-Government

REFERENCES
Peter Ronald Desouza and E. Sridharan (eds.), India’s Political Parties, Sage, New Delhi, 2006.
Rajni Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Longman, Delhi, 1985.

PG Ist Semester
Comparative Politics
Paper Code: 1.1.4

UNIT-I
Comparative Politics:
Different Perspectives- Structural, Institutional, Cultural, Political Economy

UNIT-II
State in a Comparative Framework:
Liberal and Welfare State,
Authoritarian State,
State in Socialist Societies,
Post Colonial State

UNIT-III
Power, Authority, Legitimacy, Political Culture.
READINGS


**PG Ist Semester**

**International Politics**

**Paper Code: 1.1.5**

**Unit-I**
- Realism/Neo-Realism, Liberalism/ Neo-Liberalism, Constructivism
- Game Theory, Decision Making Theory

**Unit-II**
- International Relations during Inter World War period.
- Cold War
- Balance of Power
- Collective Security - New Cold War
- Détente

**Unit-III**
- Non-Alignment: Evolution and Relevance
- Collapse of the Soviet Union
- Post-Cold War World Order
PG 2nd Semester
Indian Political Ideas
Paper Code: 1.2.6

Paper-II
Unit-I
- Nationalism- Aurobindo, Tagore, Gopabandhu Das

Unit-II
- Social Justice- Ambedkar, Jyotiba Phule, Periyar

Unit-III
- Assertion of Subaltern Identity- Tilak, Madhusudan Das

PG 2nd Semester
Political Theory
Paper Code: 1.2.7

Unit I
The Universality of Rights, Natural Rights, Moral and Legal Rights, Three Generations of Rights, Rights and Obligations

Unit II
The Grammar of Democracy, Evolution of democracy as an idea, Liberal and Elitist Democracy, Procedural Democracy, Deliberative Democracy, Participatory Democracy, Participation and Representation

Unit III
Recognition, Multiculturalism and Toleration
Perspectives of Nationalism: Herder, Anderson, Anthony D. Smith, Partha Chatterji

Reference:


**PG 2nd Semester**

**Politics in India**

**Paper Code: 1.2.8**

**Unit I State in India**

a) Modern State in India  
b) The Political culture in India  
c) The social character of the Indian state  
d) The decline of the moderate state

**Unit II**

Social cleavages, Identity and Politics  
a) Secularism in India, Communalism  
b) Hindu Nationalism and Democracy  
c) Caste and Politics, Gender and Politics  
d) Social Movements

**Unit III**

Development Process  
a) Development planning and the Indian State  
b) Democracy and Social Inequality
c) Politics and redistribution

REFERENCES
Ashis Nandy, At the Edge Psychology, OUP, New Delhi, 1980, second impression 1993.
Peter Ronald Desouza and E. Sridharan (eds.), India’s Political Parties, Sage, New Delhi, 2006.
Rajni Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Longman, Delhi, 1985.
PG 2nd Semester
Comparative Politics
Paper Code: 1.2.9

UNIT-I
Nationalism:
Perspectives on Nationalism; Western and Non-Western Perspectives

UNIT-II
Process of Democratization:
Role of Democratic Assertion, Constitution and Political Authority
Electoral Systems, Political Parties

UNIT-III
Comparative Development Experience:
Issues of Modernization, Underdevelopment and Dependency
Development and Democracy

READINGS

PG 2\textsuperscript{nd} Semester
International Politics
Paper Code: 1.2.10

Unit-I
- Globalization- Concept & Perspectives
- Political, Cultural and Social dimensions

Unit-II
- Contemporary Global Issues
- Disarmament & Arms Control- (PTBT, NPT, CTBT, ABM)
- Energy Issues- Oil Diplomacy and International Politics

Unit-III
- Environmental Issues in International Relations
- Nuclear Proliferation and Non-proliferation diplomacy
- International Terrorism
- Poverty, Development & Human Security

PG 3\textsuperscript{rd} Semester
Public Administration and Management
Paper Code: 2.3.11

Unit-I

Meaning, scope and significance of Public Administration;
Wilson’s vision of Public Administration;
Evolution of the discipline and its present status;
New Public Administration; Public Choice approach;
Governance and Good Governance: concept and application;
Reforming the State and New Public Management,

Unit-II

Comparative Public Administration: Meaning & Scope
Development Administration: Relation between Market, State and Civil Society
Social Movements, Non-Government Organizations and Self Help Groups
Issues in Governance: Corruption and Rent Seeking, Absence of Administrative
Ethics, Accountability, Transparency

Unit-III

Classical Theory, Weber’s bureaucratic model – its critique and post-Weberian
Developments;
Scientific Management and Scientific Management movement (Taylorism)
Dynamic Administration (Mary Follett) and Hierarchy of Needs (Maslow)
Decision Making Process (Bernard and Simon)
Ecology and Administration (Riggs)
UNIT-I
Plato: Justice, Communism, Philosopher King, Notion of Ideal State.
Aristotle: State, Slavery, Property, Citizenship.

UNIT-II
Locke: Liberalism, Political Obligation, Views on State, Social Contract
Rousseau: Critique of Civil Society, General Will, Democracy

UNIT-III
Hegel: Dialectics, Concept of State, War
Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Historical Materialism, Class Struggle, Revolution, Alienation

PG 3rd Semester
Research Methodology
PAPER CODE-2.3.13

Unit I
Research: Meaning, Characteristics and Types.
Aims and Characteristics of Scientific Knowledge
Purposes of Political Science Research

Unit II
The Political & Ethical Environment of Research
Meaning of Ethics; Political Science Ethics; Meaning of Research Ethics; Applying Ethics in Research Process
Specifying the research question and proposing explanations
Formulating Hypothesis; Characteristics of Good Hypothesis.

Unit III
Understanding Research Design; Importance and Types of Research Design
Gathering of Research Data
Analysis and Interpretation of Data

References
PG 3rd Semester  
Human Rights, Gender and Environment (Optional)  
Paper Code: 2.3.14

UNIT I

UNDERSTANDING SOCIAL INEQUALITY

a. Caste, Class, Gender and Ethnicity as distinct categories and their interconnections
b. Globalization and its impact on Dalits

HUMAN RIGHTS
a. Human Rights: Various Meanings
b. UN Declarations and Covenants
c. Human Rights and Citizenship Rights
d. Human Rights and the Indian Constitution
e. Human Rights, Laws and Institutions in India: The Role of the National Human Rights Commission
f. Human Rights of Marginalized Groups: Dalits, Adivasis, Women, Minorities and Unorganized Workers
g. Consumer Rights: The Consumer Protection Act and Grievance Redressal Mechanisms
h. Human Rights Movements in India

UNIT II: GENDER
a. Analysing structures of Patriarchy
b. Gender, Culture and History
c. Economic Development and Women
d. The issue of Women’s Political Participation and Representation in India
e. Laws, Institutions and Women’s Rights in India
f. Women’s Movement in India

UNIT III: ENVIRONMENT
a. Environment and Sustainable Development
b. UN Environment Programme: Rio, Johannesburg and After
c. Issues of Industrial Pollution, Global Warming, Threats to Biodiversity
d. Environment Policy in India
e. Environmental Movement in India

REFERENCES

PG III Semester
Paper Code: 2.3.14 (Optional)
READING GANDHI

UNIT I: Ways to read a text:
1. Textual
2. Contextual
   a) Terence Ball, Reappraising Political Theory, Chapter I, OUP, 1995.

UNIT II
1. Gandhi in his own words: a close reading of *Hindi Swaraj*.
2. Commentaries on Hind Swaraj and Gandhian thought:
   b) B. Parekh, Gandhi (1997), Chs. 4 (“Satyagraha”) and 5 (“The Critique of Modernity”)
   c) D. Hardiman, Gandhi in his time and ours (2003). Ch 4. (“An alternative modernity”)

UNIT III
1. Gandhi and Modern India:
   a) Gandhi and Nationalism
   b) Communal Unity
   c) Women’s Question
   d) Un-touchability
Unit -1
Making of Indian foreign policy: evolution of present perspective, determinant of foreign policy: domestic compulsions, geo-politics economic and global order.

Unit-2
India’s relation with major power-USA, Russia, and China

Unit-3
India and non-aligned movement
India’s economic diplomacy
India and cross-border terrorism

III Semester
Paper Code: 2.3.15 (Optional)
CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL THEORY

Unit I
The rise of classical tradition
The enlightenment and August comte
The revolutionary theory of Karl marx
The promise of sociology; Emile durkheim
The ironic theory of Marx weber

Unit II
Rethinking the classical tradition: American and European theory
The grand theory of Talcott Persons, Peter Berger and Thomas luckmann
The scientific theory of Randall collins and Peter blau
The moral sociology of C wright mill and Robert bellah
The critical theory of Jurgen habermas
Stuart hall and British cultural studies
The critical sociology of Anthony giddens and Pierre Bourdieu

Unit III
Revisions and Revolts: The Postmodern turn
The postmodern world of jacques derrida, jean francois lyotard
Michel foucault’s disciplinary society
Bauman’s sociology of postmodernity

Unit IV
Identity politics and theory
Feminist theory
Critical race theory
Lesbian gay and queer theory
PG 4th Semester
Public Administration and Management
Paper Code: 2.4.16

Unit-I
Public Administration & Public Policy
Theories of Public Policy: Public Choice Theory

Unit-II
Urban and Rural Management
Decentralized Governance with reference to 73rd and 74th Amendment Act
Management of Rural Basic Services: Millennium Development Goals, Food Security, Employment Guarantee Act, Right to Education, Right to Information

Unit-III
Administrative Reforms
Generalist vs. Specialist in Administration
Information Technology & Good Governance
Globalization, Administration and Civil Society
Welfare Administration
Law, Order and Role of State Agencies

References
8. Dhameja Alka (2003), Contemporary Debates in Public Administration, PHI Learning, New Delhi


18. Maheswari, S. R. Indian Administration, Orient Longman Publication, 2005


23. Singh , Shiv Raj & P.P.S.Gill etc (eds.), Public Administration in the New Millennium

PG 4th Semester
Western Political Thought
Paper Code: 2.4.17

Unit-I


Unit-II
J.S. Mill: Critique of Utilitarianism, Views of Liberty, State and Representative Government

T.H. Green: Views on State, Political Obligation, General Will, Positive Freedom, Concept of Rights

Unit-III
Edmund Burke: Critique of the French Revolution, Views on State, Theory of Representation, Burke’s Conservatism

Montesquieu: Theory of Liberty, Separation of Powers, Ideas on Slavery, Theory of Rights
PG 4th Semester
Research Methodology
Paper Code: 2.4.18

Unit I
Sampling : Population or Samples?; Basics of Sampling, Types of Samples
Making Empirical Observations: Direct and Indirect Observations
Interview and Survey Research
Questionnaire Design; Characteristics of a good Questionnaire.
Content Analysis – Meaning, importance and Process of Content Analysis

Unit II
Interpreting Survey Results with Descriptive Statistics
Measures of Central Tendency; Measures of Correlation; Understanding Frequency Distribution
Presenting Research Results with Tables, Charts and Graphs

Unit III
Qualitative Research Methods
Action Research Methods : Models of Action Research
Analysis Methods for Qualitative Data: Components and Process
Writing Research Report: Sections in a Research Report; Style in Research Report writing
Introduction to use of statistical Software

References
Interactlions, Bombay, Popular Prakashan.
Johnson, Janet Buttolph et al (2001) , Political Science Research Methods, CQ Press
Research Methodology, Integration of Principles, Methods and Techniques, New Delhi,
Dorling Kindersely (India Pvt. Ltd.) Pearson Education.
Krishnaswami, O.R (2000) Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Delhi, Himalaya
Publications.
Kumar, Renjith (2009) Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for Research, Delhi,
Pearson Education.
McNabb, David E. , (2005) Research Methods for Political Science, Quantitative and
Qualitative Methods, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
Kumar, Shekaran (2009) Research Methodology for Business: A Skill Based Approach,
Science , SAGE, New Delhi

PG 4th Semester
Democracy and Development in South Asia
Paper No: 2.4.19 (Optional)

Unit I
Colonialism, Nationalism and Independence in South Asia
Crisis of Unity in India, Pakistan and Srilanka

Unit II
Democracy in Afghanistan: Challenges and prospects
Democracy in Bangladesh: History of its consolidation; problems and challenges.
Democracy in Pakistan
Democracy in Srilanka
Democracy in Nepal, Bhutan and Maldives
Democracy in India
Democratic Lessons for South Asia from the Arab Spring

Unit III
Political Economy of Development in South Asia
Changing notions of Security
Regional Cooperation in South Asia and SAARC

References
Hasan-Askari Rizvi, Civil-Military Relations and National Stability in South Asia, Pakistan
Horizon, Vol. 42, No. 2 (April 1989), pp. 47-78
Subrata K. Mitra, The Rational Politics of Cultural Nationalism: Subnational Movements of
South Asia, British Journal of Political Science, Vol. 25, No. 1 (Jan., 1995), pp. 57-77
Christian Wagner, Democracy and State in South Asia: Between Fragmentation and
Paul R. Brass (ed.), Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics: India, Pakistan,


Maneesha Tikekar (ed.), Constitutionalism and Democracy in South Asia: Political Developments in India's Neighbourhood, New Delhi: OUP India, 2014.


PG 4th Semester
Peace and Conflict Management
Paper No: 2.4.19 (Optional)

Unit-1
Historical Views of Peace
Direct, Structural & Cultural Violence
Negative & Positive Peace
Evolution & Nature of Peace Research

Unit-2
Conflict Analysis: Structural Conditions & Social Order, Traditional Management Strategies, Conflict Transformation & Peace Building, Sources of Social Conflict
War: Nature & Types, Historical Trends in War, Terrorism and Counter Terrorism, Significance of Nuclear Weapons
Reasons for War: Individual Level, Group Level, State Level, Decision Making Level, Ideological, Social & Economic Levels

Unit-3
Feminist Understanding of Violence: Gender Identities, Patriarchy & Domination, Women & Military, Feminism & Peace
Political Economy: Free Market Economy & Class Conflict, International Capitalism & War
Environmental Concerns: Changes in Environmental System, Population Growth, Resource Conflict, Environmental Security

PG 4th Semester
Politics and Social Change in Odisha
Paper No: 2.4.20 (Optional)

UNIT I
Emergence of Odisha as a sociological and political Entity
Historical Evolution, Political Development
Political Economy of Odisha since Independence

UNIT II
Functioning of Party System
Instability in electoral politics, Politics of defection, coalition politics in Odisha
Emergence of regional parties

UNIT III
Social and democratic movements in Odisha
Tribal Movement
Women’s Movement
Anti-displancement movement
Civil Society in Odisha

PG 4th Semester
India’s Foreign Policy
Paper No: 2.4.20 (Optional)

Unit-I
India’s Nuclear Policy;
India’s Relation with Pakistan;
India’s Relation with Bangladesh & Srilanka.

Unit-II
India and the United Nation:
India’s role in UN Peace keeping and Global disarmament;
Relation of India with Africa & Latin America.

Unit-III
India and SAARC;
India and ASEAN;
India and EU